GDC

### HIGH PERFORMANCE RENDERING IN SNOWDROP USING AMD FSR 3

HAMPUS SIVERSSON

COLIN RILEY

AMD together we advance\_

# AMD GPUOpen



# GPUOpen

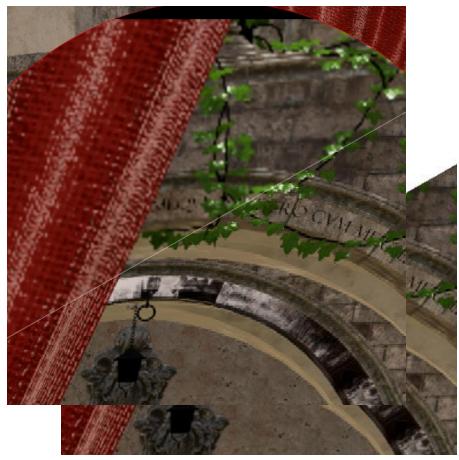
# AMD FIDELITYFX<sup>™</sup> SUPER RESOLUTION 3

COLIN RILEY - AMD

AMD together we advance\_

# AMD FSR<sup>\*</sup>: THE ROAD TO TODAY

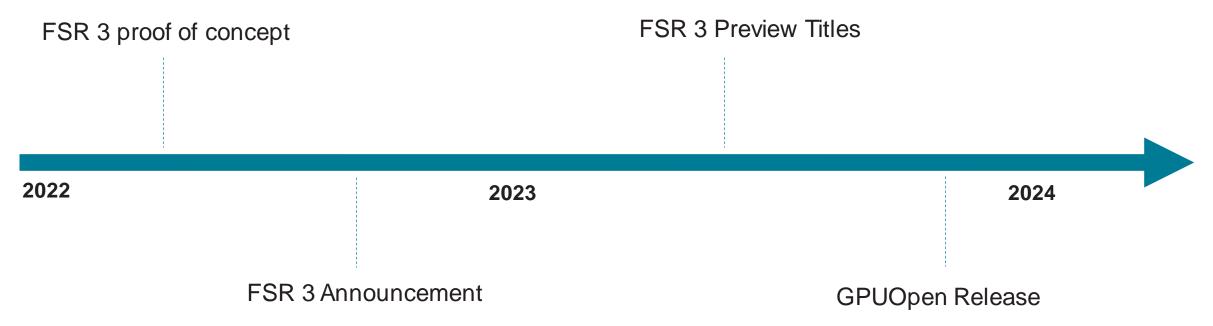
- Spatial Upscaling: FSR 1
  - Placed late in the graphics pipeline.
  - Basic integrations.
  - Requires good TAA implementation.
  - Analytical Solution, cross platform, MIT license.
- Temporal Upscaling: FSR 2
  - Placed early in the post-processing graphics pipeline.
  - TAA + Upscaling.
  - Analytical Solution, cross platform, MIT license.
- Frame Generation: **FSR 3** 
  - Adding frame generation.
  - Touches many more areas of graphics pipeline.
  - TAA + Upscaling, Frame Generation, Optical Flow, Frame Pacing.
  - Analytical Solution, cross platform, MIT license.



\*See endnote GD-187A



# AMD FSR 3: THE ROAD TO TODAY



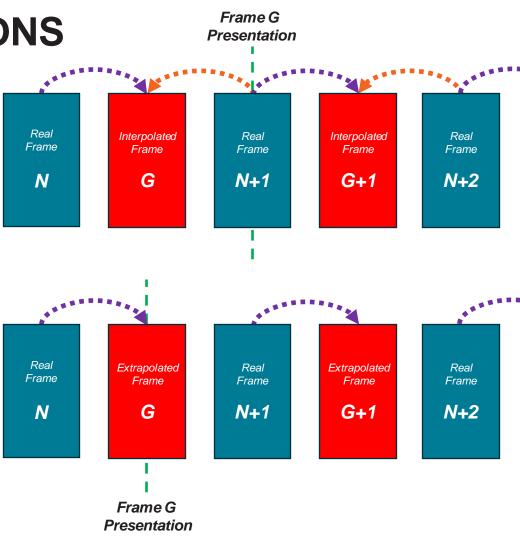
- Small team started work on FSR 3 in 2022.
- Algorithmic Solution.
- No changes to upscaling, except explicitly supporting NativeAA mode and a bugfix related to it.
- Wide adoption strategy.



### **COMMON FRAME GENERATION OPTIONS**

- Interpolation
  - Generate data between two datapoints.
  - Adds latency Frame N+1 required to present Frame G.
  - Two confident datapoints provides more data to infer upon.

- Extrapolation
  - Generate data beyond a datapoint.
  - Can be lower latency than Interpolation.
  - Less data, lower confidence.
- Both options have complex frame-pacing challenges.

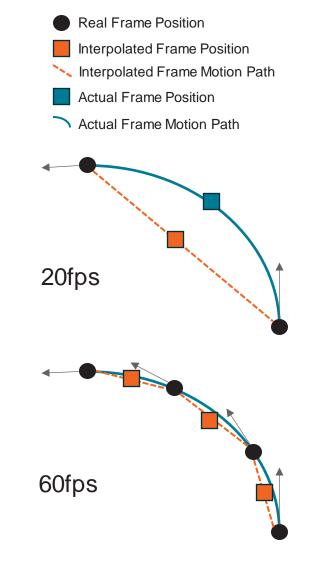




# AMD FSR 3 – INTERPOLATED FRAMES

- FSR 3 uses frame interpolation.
  - Provides more confidence in data sampling for generating frames.
    - · Potentially less artefacts per given measure of GPU cost.
    - Less inpainting more on that later.

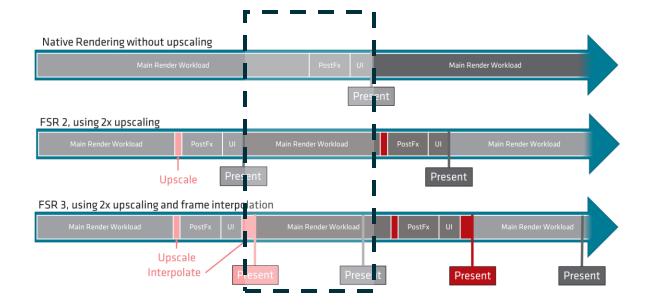
- Challenges.
  - Nonlinear motion.
    - Not trivial to figure out correct interpolated position.
    - Ensuring high fps (sample rate) can make approximations better.
  - Interpolation artifacts in high frequency regions.
  - Game motion vectors not matching the images presented to screen.
  - Small amount of additional latency.





# LATENCY

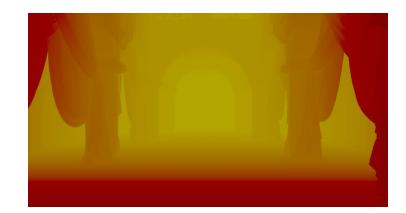
- Three metrics:
  - Existing display native rendering latency.
  - Upscaled to display native rendering latency.
  - Upscaled to display + Frame Generation rendering latency.
- When FSR 3 Upscaling and FG enabled:
  - Latency should fall within the area highlighted.
  - Between upscaled-only, and native rendering.





# **MOTION VECTORS**

- Frame Generation takes the motion vectors from upscale as input.
  - Disocclusions.
  - Reprojection.



- Motion vectors for upscaling will not map directly to the final presented image.
  - User Interface.
  - Post-Processing effects motion blur, noise effects.
  - Transparent objects and particles which did not have valid MVs.
  - Shadows of moving objects or static objects with moving light sources.
- Frame Generation requires more information to help reduce artefacts when game motion vectors are not enough.
- Optical flow can assist in these instances.



### FSR 3 OPTICAL FLOW – OPTIMIZED FLUID MOTION FRAMES (FMF)

- Native HLSL Optical Flow reengineered from original OpenCL FMF codebase.
- Experimented with various options to configure operation.
  - Block and search size.
  - Trade-offs between what OF can detect versus false positive movements.
  - Performance impact.
- FSR 3 uses a single mode that gives good results across wide input range.





# **MOTION VECTOR FIELD**

- Heuristics for how Game Motion Vectors and Optical Flow Vectors are combined.
  - Depends on how much confidence we can infer from both data streams.





# **GENERATING INTERPOLATED FRAMES**

- Inputs.
  - Motion Vector fields.
  - Calculates disocclusions.
  - Reprojections.
  - Inpainting of gaps in confidence.



- Inpainting uses a mip pyramid of the frame to fill in any gaps that are considered low confidence data.
  - Low confidence data is when no information can be sampled from either N or N+1 input frame.
- Many complex issues that we solved; some others that can leave artefacts.
  - Challenges remain around translucent objects, fast dynamic shadows, vignette post processes.



# **USER INTERFACE**

- UI can be corrupted very easily when generating new frames.
  - Motion vectors from game are from the scene, not UI overlay.
  - Optical flow may be too coarse to assist with fine UI.



Real Frame in Motion

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I tobsu alles:	25556814440
2PPT :	Distects 12 10g ApidusBSDK, 60608
eateu :	RAM Ex Second RX R29960000000
Liveer :	EnzabilisSGCocobr Transversion
CEPU :	PAIN Ryssach 7979880316460001910005550
ReadorP999	8380
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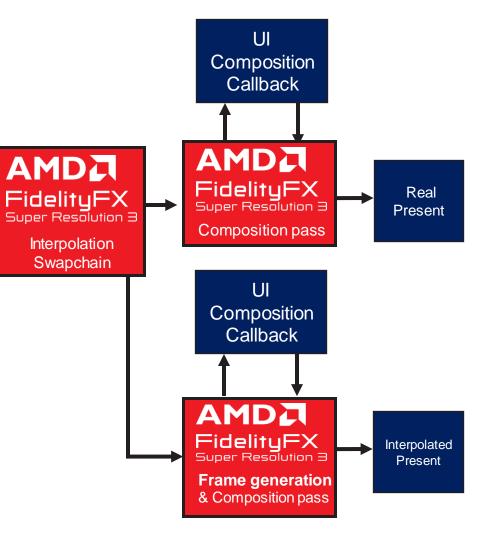
Generated frame in Motion UI not separate



# **USER INTERFACE MODES**

- We recommend rendering UI again on generated frames using our callback features.
  - Can yield full display-rate UI.
- Render-rate UI can be re-composited onto display-rate frames, however, may appear to update slower.

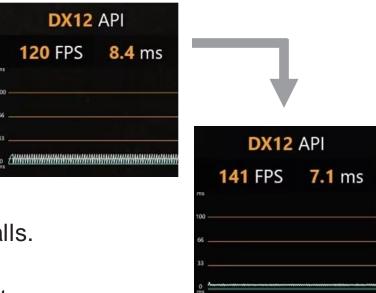
- We can also support a mode where FSR 3 is provided with resources with and without UI, and it can try to generate frames and keep artefacts low but artefacts are possible.
  - Less artefacts than fully generating frames with UI included.
- Please refer to documentation provided with the Unreal Engine plugins for the options available there for artefact-free UI.





### **FRAME PACING**

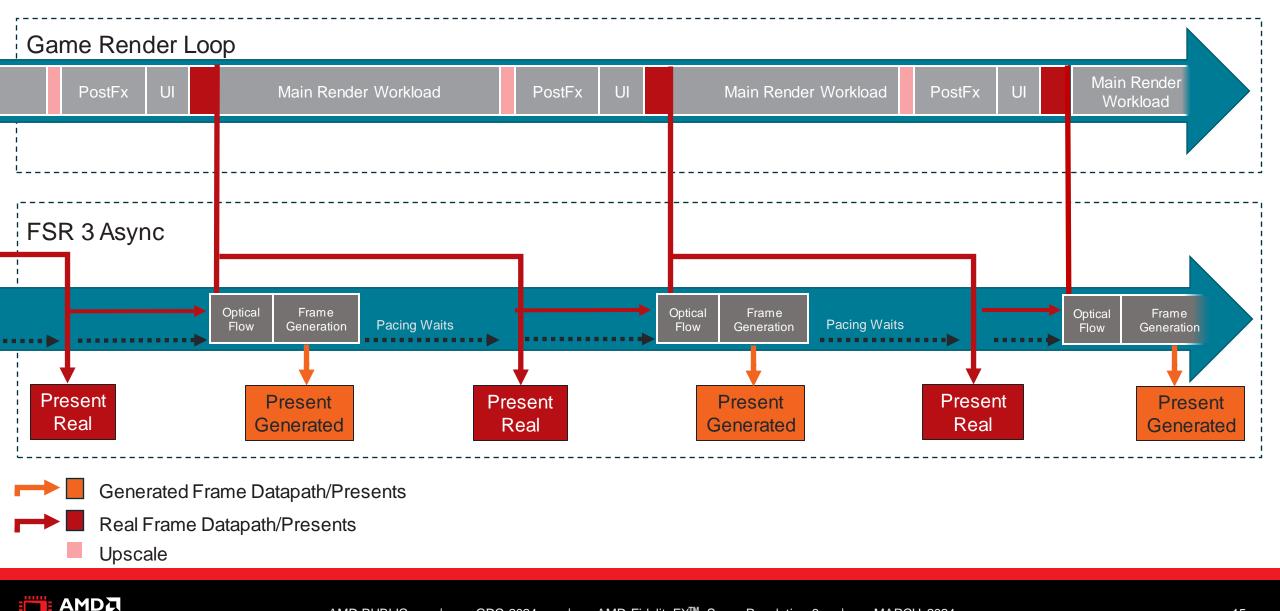
- Challenging no driver involvement due to cross platform requirement.
- Things that hook the swapchain can change data in-flight, as well as add gpu render cost.
  - Cross platform solutions that hook the dx12 runtime.
  - Graphical overlays.
  - Performance measurement tools.
  - Screen recording tools.
  - Not running in fullscreen.
- Frame Interpolation Swapchain.
  - Decouples the game loop from presentation in order to pace present calls.
  - Some games may already do this.
  - Probably the hardest part to integrate as there are plenty of moving parts.



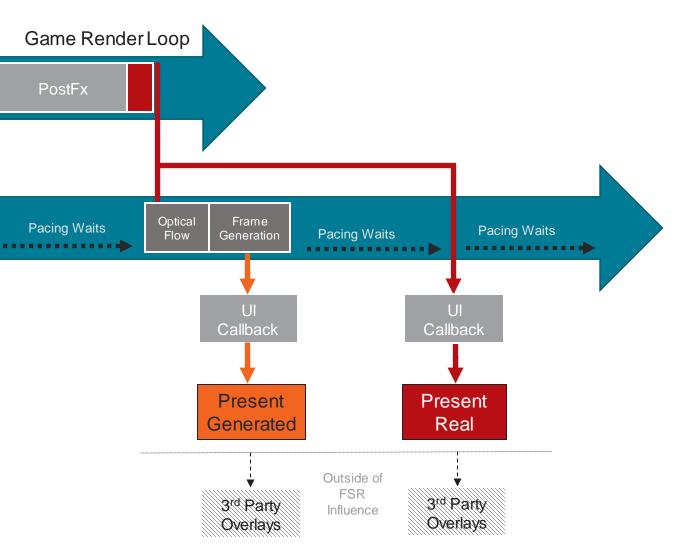


### **FRAME PACING**

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# WHAT ARE THE PACING WAITS?

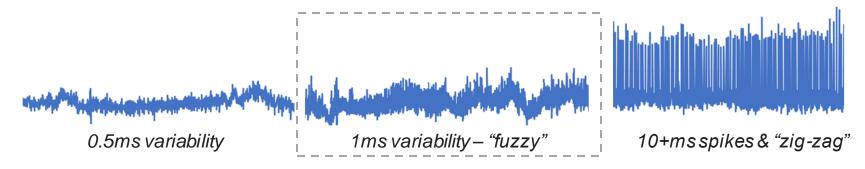


- Waits to ensure present calls occur within a range governed by a rolling average of previous frame times.
- UI Callback rendering cost requires consideration.
- We cannot measure the cost of overlays, as they occur outside of our control.
  - Which is why we recommend playing and benchmarking without them.



# PACING IMPROVEMENTS FOR VARIABLE REFRESH RATE

- We discovered GPU HW, HW Scheduling, OS and Monitor can significantly change VRR experience
  - Used tooling to detect tears in displayed frames, indicating poor pacing.
- Fundamentally a question of perception, need many data points to make determination.



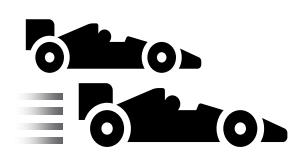
- We tested many implementations, across various hardware and frame-rate scenarios
  - Wild zig-zag frame time present-present graphs,
  - Normal frame time graphs with small variability,
  - Some more frame to frame variability so could look "fuzzy".
- Also tested other frametime metrics that don't involve simple present timing.
- Result from testing was the "fuzzy" graphs provided best screen experience.
  - Hardware Scheduling can also help when enabled in the operating system.



#### **PERFORMANCE AND INTEGRATION CONSIDERATIONS**



Cost



#### Asynchronous compute

Cost of generating a frame is low. Shader Model 6.2 minimum HW requirement.

Can hide workloads and improve performance but requires careful integration. Non-async can have memory savings.

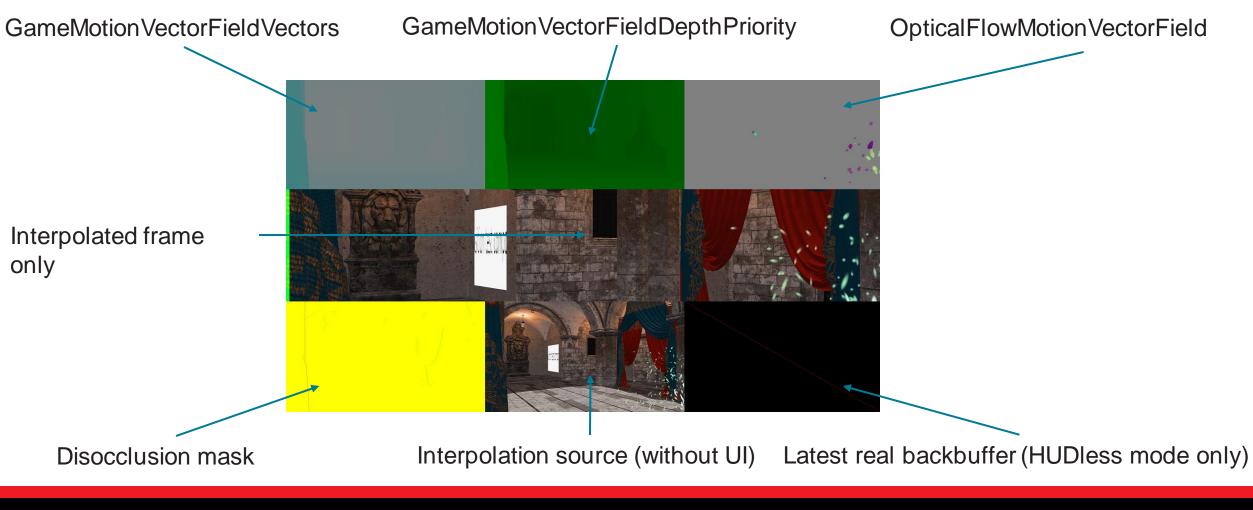
Latency

Latency is usually within the range of Upscaled-only to Native display resolution.



# **INTEGRATION DEBUG**

- AMD FSR 3 has a debug view for integration testing
  - To enable it, configure with the FFX\_FSR3\_FRAME\_GENERATION\_FLAG\_DRAW\_DEBUG\_VIEW flag



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# UBISOFT SNOW drop

# HIGH PERFORMANCE RENDERING IN SNOWDROP USING FSR3

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# DISCLAIMER

- Not about FSR technology itself.
- Learnings from the integration side.
- Use or mention of third-party marks, logos, products, services, or solutions herein is for informational purposes only and no endorsement by AMD is intended or implied. GD-83.
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# AGENDA

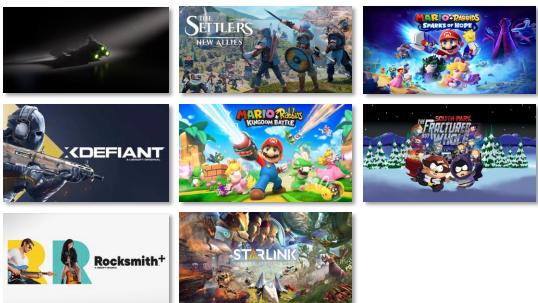
- Intro
- Integrating FSR
- External resources
- Snowdrop Pipeline
- Frame Generation



# SNOWDROP



- The Division
- Avatar Frontiers of Pandora
- And more...







# MOTIVATION

- Improve anti-aliasing solution
- Improve performance
- Unified solution across the board





We landed on FSR. (FSR2 at the time) 

# AMDA FidelityFX Super Resolution 3





- We landed on FSR. (FSR2 at the time)
- Default solution

# AMDJ FidelityFX Super Resolution 3





- We landed on FSR. (FSR2 at the time)
- Default solution
  - Anti-aliasing
  - Upscaling

# AMDJ FidelityFX Super Resolution 3





- We landed on FSR. (FSR2 at the time)
- Default solution
  - Anti-aliasing
  - Upscaling
- Used on all major platforms.

# AMDJ FidelityFX Super Resolution 3









- Native backends
  - DX12
  - Vulkan
- Production ready and shippable.
- We wanted more control.



- Custom Renderer
- Why not use what we already have?





- Use FfxInterface to connect FSR to your own renderer.
- Gives lowest overhead possible.

FfxInterface interface;

interface.fpGetDeviceCapabilities interface.fpCreateBackendContext interface.fpDestroyBackendContext interface.fpCreateResource interface.fpDestroyResource interface.fpRegisterResource interface.fpUnregisterResources interface.fpGetResource interface.fpGetResourceDescription interface.fpCreatePipeline interface.fpDestroyPipeline interface.fpScheduleGpuJob interface.fpExecuteGpuJobs interface.scratchBuffer interface.scratchBufferSize interface.device

- = Gfx\_FSR\_GetDeviceCapabilities;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_CreateScratchContext;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_DestroyScratchContext;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_CreateResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_DestroyResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_RegisterResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_UnregisterResources;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_GetInternalResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_GetResourceDescription;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_CreatePipeline;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_DestroyPipeline;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_ScheduleRenderJob;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteRenderJobs;
- = &scratchBuffer;
- = sizeof scratchBuffer;
- = device;

interface.fpSwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration = Gfx\_FSR\_SwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration;



Hooks are defined when setting up the FfxContext.

FfxFsr3ContextDescription createParams = {}; createParams.displaySize.width = aOutputResolution.x; createParams.displaySize.height = aOutputResolution.y; createParams.upscaleOutputSize.width = aDisplaySize.x; createParams.upscaleOutputSize.height = aDisplaySize.y; createParams.maxRenderSize.width = aMaxRenderSize.x; createParams.maxRenderSize.height = aMaxRenderSize.y; createParams.flags = FFX FSR3 ENABLE HIGH DYNAMIC RANGE | FFX\_FSR3\_ENABLE\_DEPTH\_INVERTED; createParams.backBufferFormat = Gfx FSR GetSurfaceFormat(MR Format::RGBA UNORM8);

FfxDevice device = reinterpret cast<FfxDevice>(MR RenderCore::ourInstance); Gfx FSR GetInterface(createParams.backendInterfaceSharedResources, device, myScratchBufferShared); Gfx FSR GetInterface(createParams.backendInterfaceUpscaling, device, myScratchBufferUpscaling); **Gfx FSR GetInterface**(createParams.backendInterfaceFrameInterpolation, device, myScratchBufferFrameGen); FfxErrorCode errorCode = ffxFsr3ContextCreate(&myFSRContext, &createParams); FFX ASSERT(errorCode == FFX OK);





• Hooks are defined when setting up the FfxContext.

FfxFsr3ContextDescription createParams = {}; createParams.displaySize.width = aOutputResolution.x; createParams.displaySize.height = aOutputResolution.y; createParams.upscaleOutputSize.width = aDisplaySize.x; createParams.upscaleOutputSize.height = aDisplaySize.y; createParams.maxRenderSize.width = aMaxRenderSize.x; createParams.maxRenderSize.height = aMaxRenderSize.y; createParams.maxRenderSize.height = aMaxRenderSize.y; createParams.flags = FFX\_FSR3\_ENABLE\_HIGH\_DYNAMIC\_RANGE | FFX\_FSR3\_ENABLE\_DEPTH\_INVERTED; createParams.backBufferFormat = Gfx\_FSR\_GetSurfaceFormat(MR\_Format::RGBA\_UNORM\_10\_10\_10\_2);

Gfx\_FSR\_GetInterface(createParams.backendInterfaceSharedResources, device, myScratchBufferShared); Gfx\_FSR\_GetInterface(createParams.backendInterfaceUpscaling, device, myScratchBufferUpscaling); Gfx\_FSR\_GetInterface(createParams.backendInterfaceFrameInterpolation, device, myScratchBufferFrameGen);

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FFX\_ASSERT(errorCode == FFX\_OK);





- Lets look at an example:
  - Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteRenderJobs

#### FfxInterface interface;

Traineer face incerface,		
<pre>interface.fpGetDeviceCapabilities</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_GetDeviceCapabilities;</pre>	
<pre>interface.fpCreateBackendContext</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_CreateScratchContext;</pre>	
<pre>interface.fpDestroyBackendContext</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_DestroyScratchContext;</pre>	
interface.fpCreateResource	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_CreateResource;</pre>	
interface.fpDestroyResource	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_DestroyResource;</pre>	
interface.fpRegisterResource	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_RegisterResource;</pre>	
interface.fpUnregisterResources	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_UnregisterResources;</pre>	
<pre>interface.fpGetResource</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_GetInternalResource;</pre>	
interface.fpGetResourceDescription	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_GetResourceDescription;</pre>	
<pre>interface.fpCreatePipeline</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_CreatePipeline;</pre>	
interface.fpDestroyPipeline	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_DestroyPipeline;</pre>	
interface. (pCahadu] aCpu]ab	Cfw_FCP_CebedulePendenleb	
interface.fpExecuteGpuJobs	= Gfx_FSR_ExecuteRenderJobs;	
Internace. Schatchburren	- astrattibuiller,	
interface.scratchBufferSize	<pre>= sizeof scratchBuffer;</pre>	
interface.device	= device;	
interface.fpSwapChainConfigureFrame	Generation = Gfx_FSR_SwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration;	





- Lets look at an example:
  - Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteRenderJobs

```
Gfx FSR ScratchBuffer& scratch = Gfx FSR GetScratch(backendInterface);
MR RenderContext* ctx = Gfx FSR GetContext(commandList);
for (FfxGpuJobDescription& job : scratch.myPendingJobs)
{
   switch (job.jobType)
   case FFX_GPU_JOB_CLEAR_FLOAT:
        FfxClearFloatJobDescription& clear = job.clearJobDescriptor;
       Gfx FSR Resource& resource = scratch.myResources[clear.target.internalIndex];
        const MC Vector4f clearValue(clear.color[0], clear.color[1], clear.color[2], clear.color[3]);
        ctx->ClearPixels(resource.uav, clearValue);
        break:
   case FFX GPU JOB COPY:
        FfxCopyJobDescription& copy = job.copyJobDescriptor;
       Gfx FSR Resource& srcResource = scratch.myResources[copy.src.internalIndex];
        Gfx FSR Resource& dstResource = scratch.myResources[copy.dst.internalIndex];
       MR_PixelStorage* src = srcResource.myPersistentPixels.Get();
        MR_PixelStorage* dst = dstResource.myPersistentPixels.Get();
        ctx->CopyPixels(dst, src);
        break;
   }
   case FFX GPU JOB COMPUTE:
        Gfx_FSR_ExecuteComputeJob(scratch, ctx, job.computeJobDescriptor);
        break;
scratch.myPendingJobs.RemoveAll();
return FFX OK;
```

FfxErrorCode Gfx FSR ExecuteRenderJobs(FfxInterface\* backendInterface, FfxCommandList commandList)



- Lets look at an example:
  - Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteRenderJobs

```
FfxErrorCode Gfx FSR ExecuteRenderJobs(FfxInterface* backendInterface, FfxCommandList commandList)
    Gfx FSR ScratchBuffer& scratch = Gfx FSR GetScratch(backendInterface);
    MR RenderContext* ctx = Gfx FSR GetContext(commandList);
    for (FfxGpuJobDescription& job : scratch.myPendingJobs)
        switch (job.jobType)
        case FFX GPU JOB CLEAR FLOAT:
            FfxClearFloatJobDescription& clear = job.clearJobDescriptor;
            Gfx FSR Resource& resource = scratch.myResources[clear.target.internalIndex];
            const MC Vector4f clearValue(clear.color[0], clear.color[1], clear.color[2], clear.color[3]);
            ctx->ClearPixels(resource.uav, clearValue);
            break:
        case FFX GPU JOB COPY:
            FfxCopyJobDescription& copy = job.copyJobDescriptor;
           Gfx FSR Resource& srcResource = scratch.myResources[copy.src.internalIndex];
            Gfx FSR Resource& dstResource = scratch.myResources[copy.dst.internalIndex];
            MR_PixelStorage* src = srcResource.myPersistentPixels.Get();
            MR_PixelStorage* dst = dstResource.myPersistentPixels.Get();
            ctx->CopyPixels(dst, src);
            break;
       }
        case FFX GPU JOB COMPUTE:
            Gfx_FSR_ExecuteComputeJob(scratch, ctx, job.computeJobDescriptor);
            break;
    scratch.myPendingJobs.RemoveAll();
    return FFX OK;
```

```
}
```



- Lets look at an example:
  - Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteRenderJobs

FfxErrorCode Gfx FSR ExecuteRenderJobs(FfxInterface\* backendInterface, FfxCommandList commandList) Gfx FSR ScratchBuffer& scratch = Gfx FSR GetScratch(backendInterface); MR RenderContext\* ctx = Gfx FSR GetContext(commandList); for (FfxGpuJobDescription& job : scratch.myPendingJobs) switch (job.jobType) case FFX GPU JOB CLEAR FLOAT: FfxClearFloatJobDescription& clear = job.clearJobDescriptor; Gfx FSR Resource& resource = scratch.myResources[clear.target.internalIndex]; const MC Vector4f clearValue(clear.color[0], clear.color[1], clear.color[2], clear.color[3]); ctx->ClearPixels(resource.uav, clearValue); break: case FFX GPU JOB COPY: FfxCopyJobDescription& copy = job.copyJobDescriptor; Gfx FSR Resource& srcResource = scratch.myResources[copy.src.internalIndex]; Gfx FSR Resource& dstResource = scratch.myResources[copy.dst.internalIndex]; MR\_PixelStorage\* src = srcResource.myPersistentPixels.Get(); MR\_PixelStorage\* dst = dstResource.myPersistentPixels.Get(); ctx->CopyPixels(dst, src); break; case FFX GPU JOB COMPUTE: Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJob(scratch, ctx, job.computeJobDescriptor); break; scratch.myPendingJobs.RemoveAll(); return FFX OK;



- Let's go one step deeper:
  - Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs

```
FfxErrorCode Gfx FSR ExecuteRenderJobs(FfxInterface* backendInterface, FfxCommandList commandList)
    Gfx FSR ScratchBuffer& scratch = Gfx FSR GetScratch(backendInterface);
    MR RenderContext* ctx = Gfx FSR GetContext(commandList);
    for (FfxGpuJobDescription& job : scratch.myPendingJobs)
    {
        switch (job.jobType)
        case FFX_GPU_JOB_CLEAR_FLOAT:
            FfxClearFloatJobDescription& clear = job.clearJobDescriptor;
            Gfx FSR Resource& resource = scratch.myResources[clear.target.internalIndex];
            const MC Vector4f clearValue(clear.color[0], clear.color[1], clear.color[2], clear.color[3]);
            ctx->ClearPixels(resource.uav, clearValue);
            break:
        case FFX GPU JOB COPY:
            FfxCopyJobDescription& copy = job.copyJobDescriptor;
            Gfx FSR Resource& srcResource = scratch.myResources[copy.src.internalIndex];
            Gfx FSR Resource& dstResource = scratch.myResources[copy.dst.internalIndex];
            MR_PixelStorage* src = srcResource.myPersistentPixels.Get();
            MR_PixelStorage* dst = dstResource.myPersistentPixels.Get();
            ctx->CopyPixels(dst, src);
            break;
       case FFX GPU JOB COMPUTE:
            Gfx_FSR_ExecuteComputeJob(scratch, ctx, job.computeJobDescriptor);
            break;
    scratch.myPendingJobs.RemoveAll();
    return FFX OK;
```





• Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs

FfxErrorCode Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJob(Gfx\_FSR\_ScratchBuffer& aScratch, FfxComputeJobDescription& aJob)

MR ShaderState\*shader = static cast<MR ShaderState\*>(aJob.pipeline.pipeline); Gfx FSR BindingsBuffer bindings; MR RenderContext\* aCtx = MR RenderContext::GetCurrent(); for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.srvTextureCount; ++i)</pre> FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.srvTextureBindings[i]; Gfx FSR Resource& resource = a Scratch.myResources[aJob.srvTextures[i].internalIndex]; MR Texture\* srv = resource.mySRV; bindings.srvBindings[binding.slotIndex] = srv->GetDescriptorIndex(); aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*srv->GetStorage(), MR TRANSITION TO SHADER READ); for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.uavTextureCount; ++i)</pre> FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.uavTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = a Scratch.myResources[aJob.uavTextures[i].internalIndex]; uint highestMipIndex = resource.myUAVs.CountU() - 1; MR\_Texture\* uav = resource.myUAVs [MC\_Min(aJob.uavTextureMips[i], highestMipIndex)]; bindings.uavBindings[binding.slotIndex] = uav->GetDescriptorIndex(); aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*uav->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_WRITE); for (uint i=0; i<a Job.pipeline.constCount; ++i)</pre> uint numInts = aJob.cbs[i].num32BitEntries; uint size = numInts \* size of(uint32); aCtx->SetConstantBuffer(size, aJob.cbs[i].data, i);

aCtx->SetConstantBuffer(sizeof(bindings), &bindings, 3); aCtx->SetShaderState(shader); aCtx->Dispatch(aJob.dimensions[0], aJob.dimensions[1], aJob.dimensions[2]); return FFX\_OK;





- Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs
  - Gather resource info
  - Mark for bindless

FfxErrorCode Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJob(Gfx\_FSR\_ScratchBuffer& aScratch, FfxComputeJobDescription& aJob)

MR\_ShaderState\*shader = static\_cast<MR\_ShaderState\*>(aJob.pipeline.pipeline);

Gfx\_FSR\_BindingsBuffer bindings;

r (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.srvTextureCount; ++i)

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.srvTextureBindings[i];

Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = a Scratch.myResources[aJob.srvTextures[i].internalIndex];

MR\_Texture \* srv = resource.mySRV;

bindings.srvBindings[binding.slotIndex] = srv->GetDescriptorIndex();

aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*srv->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_READ);

r (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.uavTextureCount; ++i)</pre>

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.uavTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = aScratch.myResources[aJob.uavTextures[i].internalIndex]; uint highestMipIndex = resource.myUAVs.CountU() - 1; MR\_Texture\* uav = resource.myUAVs[MC\_Min(aJob.uavTextureMips[i], highestMipIndex)]; bindings.uavBindings[binding.slotIndex] = uav->GetDescriptorIndex(); aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*uav->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_WRITE);

{

uint numInts = a Job.cbs[i].num32BitEntries; uint size = numInts \* size of(uint32); a Ctx->SetConstantBuffer(size, aJob.cbs[i].data, i);

a Ctx->SetConstantBuffer(size of(bindings), &bindings, 3); a Ctx->SetSha derState(sha der); a Ctx->Dispatch(aJ ob.dimensions[0], a Job.dimensions[1], aJ ob.dimensions[2]); return FFX\_OK;



- Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs
  - Gather resource info
  - Mark for bindless
  - Pass SDK constants

FfxErrorCode Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJob(Gfx\_FSR\_ScratchBuffer& aScratch, FfxComputeJobDescription& aJob)

MR\_ShaderState\* shader = static\_cast<MR\_ShaderState\*>(aJob.pipeline.pipeline);

```
Gfx_FSR_BindingsBuffer bindings;
```

MR\_RenderContext\* aCtx = MR\_RenderContext::GetCurrent();

for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.srvTextureCount; ++i)</pre>

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.srvTextureBindings[i];

Gfx\_FSR\_Resource & resource = a Scratch.myResources[aJob.srvTextures[i].internalIndex]; MR Texture\* srv = resource.mySRV;

bindings.srvBindings[binding.slotIndex] = srv->GetDescriptorIndex();

aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*srv->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_READ);

for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.uavTextureCount; ++i)</pre>

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.uavTextureBindings[i];

Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = aScratch.myResources[aJob.uavTextures[i].internalIndex]; uint highestMipIndex = resource.myUAVs.CountU() - 1;

MR\_Texture\* uav = resource.myUAVs [MC\_Min(aJob.uavTextureMips[i], highestMipIndex)]; bindings.uavBindings[binding.slotIndex] = uav->GetDescriptorIndex(); aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*uav->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_WRITE);

(uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.constCount; ++i)

unt numInts = aJob.cbs[i].num32BitEntries; unt size = numInts \* size of(uint32); iCtx-><mark>SetConstantBuffer(</mark>size, aJob.cbs[i].data, i);

aCtx->SetConstantBuffer(sizeof(bindings), &bindings, 3); aCtx->SetShaderState(shader); aCtx->Dispatch(aJob.dimensions[0], aJob.dimensions[1], aJob.dimensions[2]); return FFX\_OK;





- Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs
  - Gather resource info
  - Mark for bindless
  - Pass SDK constants

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• Pass bindless descriptors

FfxErrorCode Gfx FSR ExecuteComputeJob(Gfx FSR ScratchBuffer& aScratch, FfxComputeJobDescription& aJob) MR ShaderState\*shader = static cast<MR ShaderState\*>(aJob.pipeline.pipeline); Gfx FSR BindingsBuffer bindings; MR RenderContext\* aCtx = MR RenderContext::GetCurrent(); for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.srvTextureCount; ++i)</pre> FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.srvTextureBindings[i]; Gfx FSR Resource& resource = a Scratch.myResources [aJob.srvTextures [i].internalIndex]; MR Texture\* srv = resource.mySRV; bindings.srvBindings[binding.slotIndex] = srv->GetDescriptorIndex(); aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless (\*srv->GetStorage(), MR TRANSITION TO SHADER READ); for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.uavTextureCount; ++i)</pre> FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.uavTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = a Scratch.myResources [aJob.uavTextures [i].internalIndex]; uint highestMipIndex = resource.myUAVs.CountU() - 1; MR\_Texture\* uav = resource.myUAVs [MC\_Min(aJob.uavTextureMips[i], highestMipIndex)]; bindings.uavBindings[binding.slotIndex] = uav->GetDescriptorIndex(); a Ctx->MarkResourceForBindless (\*uav->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_WRITE); for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.constCount; ++i)</pre> uint numInts = aJob.cbs[i].num32BitEntries; uint size = numInts \* size of(uint32); aCtx->SetConstantBuffer(size, aJob.cbs[i].data, i); tx->SetConstantBuffer(sizeof(bindings), & bindings, 3);

aCtx->Dispatch(aJob.dimensions[0], aJob.dimensions[1], aJob.dimensions[2]); return FFX\_OK;





- Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs
  - Gather resource info
  - Mark for bindless
  - Pass SDK constants
  - Pass bindless descriptors
  - Set shader
  - Dispatch

FfxErrorCode Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJob(Gfx\_FSR\_ScratchBuffer& aScratch, FfxComputeJobDescription& aJob)

MR\_ShaderState\* shader = static\_cast<MR\_ShaderState\*>(aJob.pipeline.pipeline);

```
Gfx_FSR_BindingsBuffer bindings;
```

MR\_RenderContext\*aCtx = MR\_RenderContext::GetCurrent();

```
for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.srvTextureCount; ++i)</pre>
```

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.srvTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = aScratch.myResources[aJob.srvTextures[i].internalIndex]; MR\_Texture\*srv = resource.mySRV; bindings.srvBindings[binding.slotIndex] = srv->GetDescriptorIndex();

aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*srv->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_READ);

for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.uavTextureCount; ++i)</pre>

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.uavTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = aScratch.myResources[aJob.uavTextures[i].internalIndex]; uint highestMipIndex = resource.myUAVs.CountU() - 1; MR\_Texture\* uav = resource.myUAVs[MC\_Min(aJob.uavTextureMips[i], highestMipIndex)];

bindings.uavBindings[binding.slotIndex] = uav->GetDescriptorIndex();

```
aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless (*uav->GetStorage (), MR_TRANSITION_TO_SHADER_WRITE);
```

for (uint i=0; i<a Job.pipeline.constCount; ++i)

```
{
```

uint numInts = aJob.cbs[i].num32BitEntries; uint size = numInts \* size of(uint32);

```
aCtx->SetConstantBuffer(size, aJob.cbs[i].data, i);
```

}

tx-><mark>SetShaderState</mark>(shader);

tx->Dispatch(aJob.dimensions[0], a Job.dimensions[1], aJob.dimensions[2]);

return FFX\_OK;



- Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteComputeJobs
  - Gather resource info
  - Mark for bindless
  - Pass SDK constants
  - Pass bindless descriptors
  - Set shader
  - Dispatch

```
FfxErrorCode Gfx_FSR_ExecuteComputeJob(Gfx_FSR_ScratchBuffer& aScratch, FfxComputeJobDescription& aJob)
```

MR\_ShaderState\* shader = static\_cast<MR\_ShaderState\*>(aJob.pipeline.pipeline);

```
Gfx_FSR_BindingsBuffer bindings;
```

MR\_RenderContext\* aCtx = MR\_RenderContext::GetCurrent();

```
for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.srvTextureCount; ++i)</pre>
```

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.srvTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = aScratch.myResources[aJob.srvTextures[i].internalIndex]; MR\_Texture\* srv = resource.mySRV; bindings.srvBindings[binding.slotIndex] = srv->GetDescriptorIndex();

```
aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(*srv->GetStorage(), MR_TRANSITION_TO_SHADER_READ);
```

for (uint i=0; i<aJob.pipeline.uavTextureCount; ++i)</pre>

FfxResourceBinding& binding = aJob.pipeline.uavTextureBindings[i]; Gfx\_FSR\_Resource& resource = aScratch.myResources[aJob.uavTextures[i].internalIndex]; uint highestMipIndex = resource.myUAVs.CountU() - 1; MR\_Texture\* uav = resource.myUAVs[MC\_Min(aJob.uavTextureMips[i], highestMipIndex)]; bindings.uavBindings[binding.slotIndex] = uav->GetDescriptorIndex(); aCtx->MarkResourceForBindless(\*uav->GetStorage(), MR\_TRANSITION\_TO\_SHADER\_WRITE);

for (uint i=0; i<a Job.pipeline.constCount; ++i)

```
{
```

uint numInts = a Job.cbs[i].num32BitEntries; uint size = numInts \* size of(uint32); a Ctx->SetConstantBuffer(size, aJ ob.cbs[i].data, i);

aCtx->SetConstantBuffer(sizeof(bindings), &bindings, 3); aCtx->SetShaderState(shader); aCtx->Dispatch(aJob.dimensions[0], aJob.dimensions[1], aJob.dimensions[2]); return FFX\_OK;





• Resources and Pipelines are created on context creation.

FfxInterface interface;

interface.fpGetDeviceCapabilities interface.fpCreateBackendContext interface.fpDestroyBackendContext interface.fpCreateResource interface.fpDestroyResource interface.fpRegisterResource interface.fpUnregisterResources interface.fpGetResource interface.fpGetResourceDescription interface.fpCreatePipeline interface.fpDestroyPipeline interface.fpScheduleGpuJob interface.fpExecuteGpuJobs interface.scratchBuffer interface.scratchBufferSize interface.device

- = Gfx\_FSR\_GetDeviceCapabilities;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_CreateScratchContext;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_DestroyScratchContext;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_CreateResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_DestroyResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_RegisterResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_UnregisterResources;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_GetInternalResource;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_GetResourceDescription;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_CreatePipeline;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_DestroyPipeline;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_ScheduleRenderJob;
- = Gfx\_FSR\_ExecuteRenderJobs;
- = &scratchBuffer;
- = sizeof scratchBuffer;
- = device;

interface.fpSwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration = Gfx\_FSR\_SwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration;



- Resources and Pipelines are created on context creation.
  - External resources are registered in runtime.

<pre>FfxInterface interface; interface.fpGetDeviceCapabilities interface.fpCreateBackendContext interface.fpDestroyBackendContext interface.fpCreateResource</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_GetDeviceCapabilities; = Gfx_FSR_CreateScratchContext; = Gfx_FSR_DestroyScratchContext; = Gfx_FSR_CreateResource;</pre>
interface.fpRegisterResource	= Gfx_FSR_RegisterResource;
<pre>interface.fpGetResources interface.fpGetResourceDescription interface.fpCreatePipeline interface.fpDestroyPipeline interface.fpScheduleGpuJob interface.fpExecuteGpuJobs interface.scratchBuffer interface.scratchBufferSize</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_OnregisterResources; = Gfx_FSR_GetInternalResource; = Gfx_FSR_GetResourceDescription; = Gfx_FSR_CreatePipeline; = Gfx_FSR_DestroyPipeline; = Gfx_FSR_DestroyPipeline; = Gfx_FSR_ScheduleRenderJob; = Gfx_FSR_ExecuteRenderJobs; = &amp;scratchBuffer = sizeof scratchBuffer;</pre>
<pre>interface.device interface.fpSwapChainConfigureFrame@</pre>	<pre>= device; Generation = Gfx_FSR_SwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration;</pre>



- Resources and Pipelines are created on context creation.
  - External resources are registered in runtime.

<pre>FfxInterface interface; interface.fpGetDeviceCapabilities interface.fpCreateBackendContext</pre>	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_GetDeviceCapabilities; = Gfx_FSR_CreateScratchContext;</pre>
interface.fpCreateResource	<pre>Gfm_FGR_DestroyConstabContext; = Gfx_FSR_CreateResource;</pre>
Intertace. TPDestroykesource	= GTX_FSK_DestroyKesource;
interface.fpRegisterResource	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_RegisterResource;</pre>
interface.fpUnregisterResources	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_UnregisterResources;</pre>
interface.fpGetResource	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_GetInternalResource;</pre>
intenfogo (pCotDocourceDoconiption	<u> </u>
<pre>interface.fpCreatePipeline</pre>	= Gfx_FSR_CreatePipeline;
Interface. TpDestroyPipeline	= GTX_FSK_DestroyPipeline;
interface.fpScheduleGpuJob	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_ScheduleRenderJob;</pre>
interface.fpExecuteGpuJobs	<pre>= Gfx_FSR_ExecuteRenderJobs;</pre>
interface.scratchBuffer	= &scratchBuffer
interface.scratchBufferSize	<pre>= sizeof scratchBuffer;</pre>
interface.device	= device;
interface.fpSwapChainConfigureFrame	<pre>Generation = Gfx_FSR_SwapChainConfigureFrameGeneration;</pre>



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# **RESOURCE CREATION**

- Custom resource types.
- Initialize based on usage.





# **RESOURCE CREATION**

- Custom resource types.
- Initialize based on usage.
- FFX\_RESOURCE\_FLAGS\_ALIASABLE
- Allows transient resources.
- Allocation can be done just-in-time.
- Minimize memory overhead.



# **RESOURCE CREATION**

- Allocated just before ffxFsr3ContextDispatchX.
  - For each context.
- Discarded right after.

```
myContext->myScratchBuffers[GFX_FSR_SCRATCH_TYPE_UPSCALING].CreateTempResources();
```

if (ffxFsr3ContextDispatchUpscale(&myContext->myFSRContext, &dispatchDesc) != FFX\_OK)
{

```
MC_ERROR("ffxFsr3ContextDispatchUpscale failed: 0x%08x", errorCode); return false;
```

```
myContext->myScratchBuffers[GFX_FSR_SCRATCH_TYPE_UPSCALING].FreeTempResources();
```





- Custom intermediate language for shader files.
- FSR ships with native HLSL source.





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ANNIDYE

- Custom intermediate language for shader files.
- FSR ships with native HLSL source.
- Convert native HLSL into mshader.

```
SamplerState bilinear : register(s0);
Texture2D Input : register(t0);
float4 MainPS() : SV_Target0
{
    float2 uv = float2(0.5, 0.5);
    float4 color = Input.Sample(bilinear, Input, uv);
    return color;
}
```

- Custom intermediate language for shader files.
- FSR ships with native HLSL source.
- Convert native HLSL into mshader.

```
pixel
SamplerState bilinear : register(s0);
Texture2D Input : register(t0);
                                                                     MR Sampler2D input : MR Texture0;
float4 MainPS() : SV Target0
                                                                     main(out float4 color : MR Color)
                                                                     {
{
    float2 uv = float2(0.5, 0.5);
                                                                         float2 uv = float2(0.5, 0.5);
    float4 color = Input.Sample(bilinear, Input, uv);
                                                                          color = MR_Sample(input, uv);
    return color;
                                                                     }
}
                                                                 }
```



- Custom intermediate language for shader files.
- FSR ships with native HLSL source.
- Convert native HLSL into mshader
- Add extras (Bindless, custom load functions etc.)
- Respect permutations

```
pixel
SamplerState bilinear : register(s0);
Texture2D Input : register(t0);
                                                                     MR Sampler2D input : MR Texture0
float4 MainPS() : SV Target0
                                                                     main(out float4 color : MR Color)
{
                                                                      {
    float2 uv = float2(0.5, 0.5);
                                                                         float2 uv = float2(0.5, 0.5);
    float4 color = Input.Sample(bilinear, Input, uv);
                                                                          color = MR Sample(input, uv);
    return color;
                                                                     }
}
                                                                 }
```



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- Converted to bindless resources.
  - Avoided issue with limited bindful registers.

```
FfxFloat32 LoadInputDepth(FfxUInt32x2 iPxPos)
{
    #ifdef USE_MRENDER_BINDLESS
        uint descriptorIndex = Gfx_GetSRVDescriptorIndex(FSR3UPSCALER_BIND_SRV_INPUT_DEPTH);
        return MR_SampleTexelLod0Bindless(Gfx_Texture2Ds, descriptorIndex, iPxPos).x;
#else
        return r_input_depth[iPxPos];
#endif
}
```





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- Converted to bindless resources.
  - Avoided issue with limited bindful registers.

```
FfxFloat32 LoadInputDepth(FfxUInt32x2 iPxPos)
#ifdef USE MRENDER BINDLESS
    uint descriptorIndex = Gfx GetSRVDescriptorIndex(FSR3UPSCALER BIND SRV INPUT DEPTH);
    return MR_SampleTexelLod0Bindless(Gfx_Texture2Ds, descriptorIndex, iPxPos).x;
#else
    return r_input_depth[iPxPos];
#endif
                  In the case of ffx_fsr3upscaler_depth_clip_pass.hlsl
FfxFloat32 LoadInputDepth(FfxUInt32x2 iPxPos)
{
    uint descriptorIndex = Gfx GetSRVDescriptorIndex(8);
    return MR SampleTexelLodOBindless(Gfx Texture2Ds, descriptorIndex, iPxPos).x;
}
```

# **HLSL CONVERSION**

- For each permutation:
  - 1. Gather resource usage from native shader file.
  - 2. Preprocess native shader file.
  - 3. Parse preprocessed file with internal parser.
  - 4. Add extras, strip unnecessary parts.
  - 5. Write .mshader file.
  - 6. (Optional) Load written .mshader for validation.









- "External" as in not internal to FSR.
- Needs to be provided to FSR.







#### **Shared Context**

- Depth
- Motion vectors



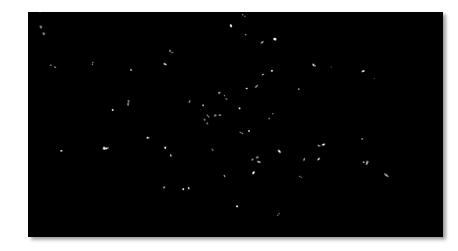






#### **Upscaling Context**

- Reactiveness (optional)
- Transparency and composition (optional)

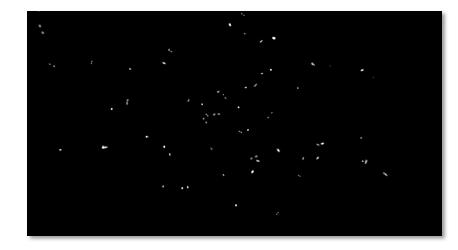






#### **Upscaling Context**

- Reactiveness (optional)
- Transparency and composition (optional)





#### **Frame Generation Context**

- HUD-less game scene
- Separated UI









- Precision critical
- Upscaling algorithm is sensitive to errors.
- Frame interpolation makes it worse.







- Precision critical
- Upscaling algorithm is sensitive to errors.
- Frame interpolation makes it worse.
- Vertex modifiers are problematic.
- Mismatching last frame data.







- Snowdrop motion vectors encodes metadata.
- Would require decoding pass.
- Complex encoding, but for simplicity:

15 bits	1 bit	14 bits	1 bit	1 bit		
mv.x	revealed	mv.y	in motion	fix dithering		
R16G16 UINT						





- Sample the global motion vector resource directly.
- Exclude the metadata.

```
MR_Texture2D<uint2> MotionVectors : MR_MotionVectors;
FfxFloat32x2 LoadInputMotionVector(FfxUInt32x2 iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos)
{
    uint2 encodedMV = MR_SampleTexelLod0(MotionVectors, iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos);
    float2 offset;
    bool fixDithering;
    bool revealed;
    bool inMotion;
    Gfx_DecodeMotionVector(encodedMV, offset, fixDithering, revealed, inMotion);
    float2 fSrcMotionVector = offset;
    FfxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = fSrcMotionVector * MotionVectorScale();
```

```
#if FFX_FSR3UPSCALER_OPTION_JITTERED_MOTION_VECTORS
    fUvMotionVector -= MotionVectorJitterCancellation();
#endif
```

```
return fUvMotionVector;
```

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- Sample the global motion vector resource directly.
- Exclude the metadata.

```
MR Texture2D<uint2> MotionVectors : MR MotionVectors;
FfxFloat32x2 LoadInputMotionVector(FfxUInt32x2 iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos)
```

```
uint2 encodedMV = MR SampleTexelLod0(MotionVectors, iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos);
float2 offset;
bool fixDithering;
bool revealed;
bool inMotion;
Gfx DecodeMotionVector(encodedMV, offset, fixDithering, revealed, inMotion);
```

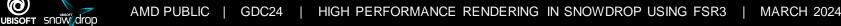
```
float2 fSrcMotionVector = offset;
FfxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = fSrcMotionVector * MotionVectorScale();
```

```
#if FFX FSR3UPSCALER_OPTION_JITTERED_MOTION_VECTORS
    fUvMotionVector -= MotionVectorJitterCancellation();
#endif
```

```
return fUvMotionVector;
```

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- Sample the global motion vector resource directly.
- Exclude the metadata.

```
MR_Texture2D<uint2> MotionVectors : MR_MotionVectors;
FfxFloat32x2 LoadInputMotionVector : UInt32x2 iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos)
{
    uint2 encodedMV = MR_SampleTexelLod0(MotionVectors, iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos);
    float2 offset;
    bool fixDithering;
    bool revealed;
    bool inMotion;
    Gfx_DecodeMotionVector(encodedMV, offset, fixDithering, revealed, inMotion);
    float2 fSrcMotionVector = offset;
    FfxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = fSrcMotionVector * MotionVectorScale();
```

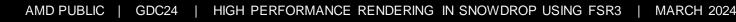
```
#if FFX_FSR3UPSCALER_OPTION_JITTERED_MOTION_VECTORS
    fUvMotionVector -= MotionVectorJitterCancellation();
#endif
```

```
return fUvMotionVector;
```

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- Sample the global motion vector resource directly.
- Exclude the metadata.

```
MR Texture2D<uint2> MotionVectors : MR MotionVectors;
FfxFloat32x2 LoadInputMotionVector(FfxUInt32x2 iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos)
    uint2 encodedMV = MR SampleTexelLod0(MotionVectors, iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos);
    float2 offset;
    bool fixDithering;
    bool revealed;
    bool inMotion;
    Gfx DecodeMotionVector(encodedMV, offset, fixDithering, revealed, inMotion);
    float2 fSrcMotionVector = offset;
    FfxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = fSrcMotionVector * MotionVectorScale();
#if FFX FSR3UPSCALER_OPTION_JITTERED_MOTION_VECTORS
    fUvMotionVector -= MotionVectorJitterCancellation();
#endif
    return fUvMotionVector;
}
```



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- Sample the global motion vector resource directly.
- Exclude the metadata.

```
MR_Texture2D<uint2> MotionVectors : MR_MotionVectors;
FfxFloat32x2 LoadInputMotionVector(FfxUInt32x2 iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos)
{
    uint2 encodedMV = MR_SampleTexelLod0(MotionVectors, iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos);
    float2 offset;
    bool fixDithering;
    bool revealed;
    bool inMotion;
    Gfx_DecodeMotionVector(encodedMV, offset, fixDithering, revealed, inMotion);
    float2 fSrcMotionVector = offset;
    ffxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = offset;
    ffxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = fSrcMotionVector * MotionVectorScale();
#if FFX_FSR3UPSCALER_OPTION_JITTERED_MOTION_VECTORS
    fUvMotionVector -= MotionVectorJitterCancellation();
#endif
```

```
return fUvMotionVector;
```

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# **MOTION VECTORS**

- Sample the global motion vector resource directly.
- Exclude the metadata.

```
MR_Texture2D<uint2> MotionVectors : MR_MotionVectors;
FfxFloat32x2 LoadInputMotionVector(FfxUInt32x2 iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos)
{
    uint2 encodedMV = MR_SampleTexelLod0(MotionVectors, iPxDilatedMotionVectorPos);
    float2 offset;
    bool fixDithering;
    bool revealed;
    bool inMotion;
    Gfx_DecodeMotionVector(encodedMV, offset, fixDithering, revealed, inMotion);
    float2 fSrcMotionVector = offset;
    FfxFloat32x2 fUvMotionVector = fSrcMotionVector * MotionVectorScale();
```

```
#if FFX_FSR3UPSCALER_OPTION_JITTERED_MOTION_VECTORS
    fUvMotionVector -= MotionVectorJitterCancellation();
#endif
```

```
return fUvMotionVector;
```

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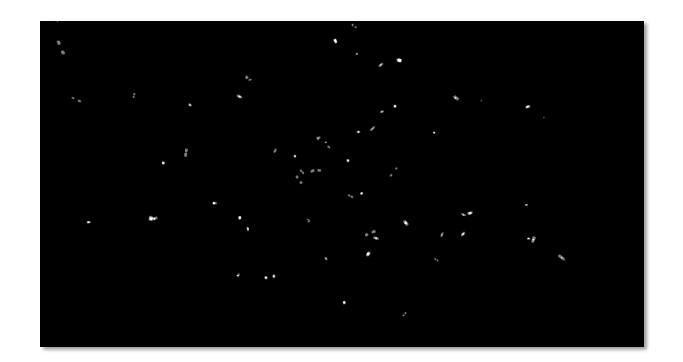
- Controls the history lerp
  - 1.0 means no history.
  - 0.0 means full lerp.







- Controls the history lerp
  - 1.0 means no history.
  - 0.0 means full lerp.
- In Snowdrop, reactiveness is binary
  - It's legacy and problematic.
  - Global reactiveness value.
  - Mostly used for particles.





- Controls the history lerp
  - 1.0 means no history.
  - 0.0 means full lerp.
- In Snowdrop, reactiveness is binary
  - It's legacy and problematic.
  - Global reactiveness value.
  - Mostly used for particles.



• For the future

 $\bigcirc$ 

JBISOFT

snow drop

- Move to UNORM texture for reactiveness.
- Allows fine-grained control of the history.

- Similar to motion vectors, we use custom sampling.
  - Read global stencil texture.
  - Return global reactiveness value if match.

```
FfxFloat32 LoadReactiveMask(FfxUInt32x2 iPxPos)
```

```
FfxUInt32 stencil = MR_SampleStencilTexelLod0(StencilTexture, iPxPos);
```

```
FfxFloat32 reactive = 0;
if (stencil & Gfx_Stencil_QuickAA)
    reactive = Gfx_FSR3_Bindings.reactivenessValue;
```

```
return reactive;
```



{



- Similar to motion vectors, we use custom sampling
  - Read global stencil texture.
  - Return global reactiveness value if match.

```
FfxFloat32 LoadReactiveMask(FfxUInt32x2 iPxPos)
```

```
FfxUInt32 stencil = MR_SampleStencilTexelLod0(StencilTexture, iPxPos);
```

```
FfxFloat32 reactive = 0;
if (stencil & Gfx_Stencil_QuickAA)
    reactive = Gfx_FSR3_Bindings.reactivenessValue;
```

```
return reactive;
```





- Similar to motion vectors, we use custom sampling
  - Read global stencil texture.
  - Return global reactiveness value if match.

```
FfxFloat32 LoadReactiveMask(FfxUInt32x2 iPxPos)
```

FfxUInt32 stencil = MR\_SampleStencilTexelLod0(StencilTexture, iPxPos);

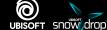
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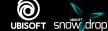
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FfxFloat32 reactive = 0;
if (stencil & Gfx_Stencil_QuickAA)
    reactive = Gfx_FSR3_Bindings.reactivenessValue;
```

```
return reactive;
```



{







- Where does it all fit into our render pipeline?
  - Pre-post effects
  - Present





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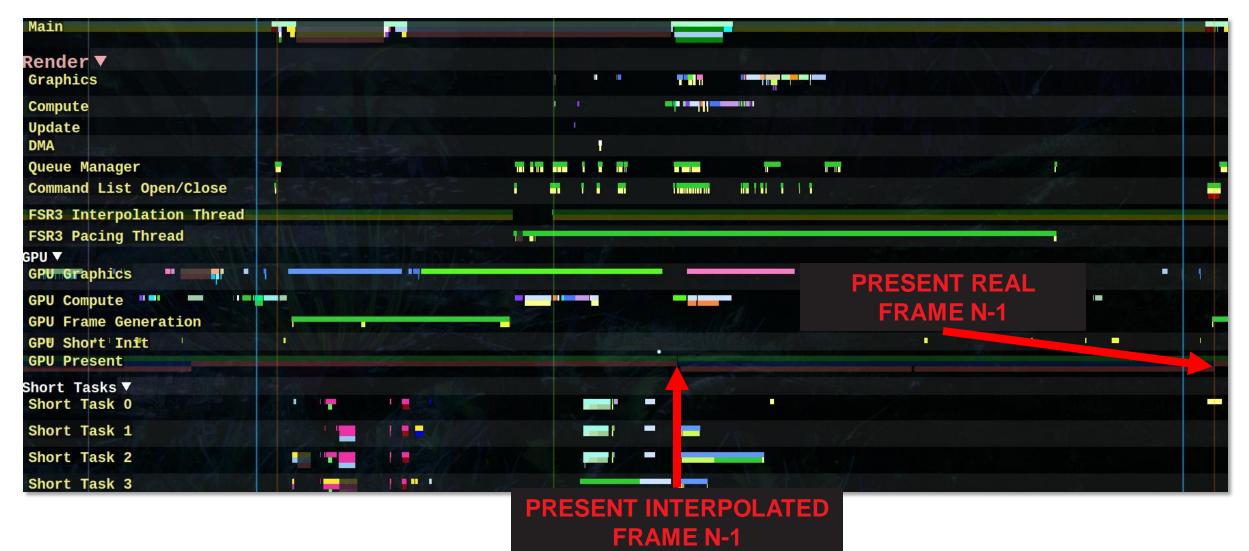




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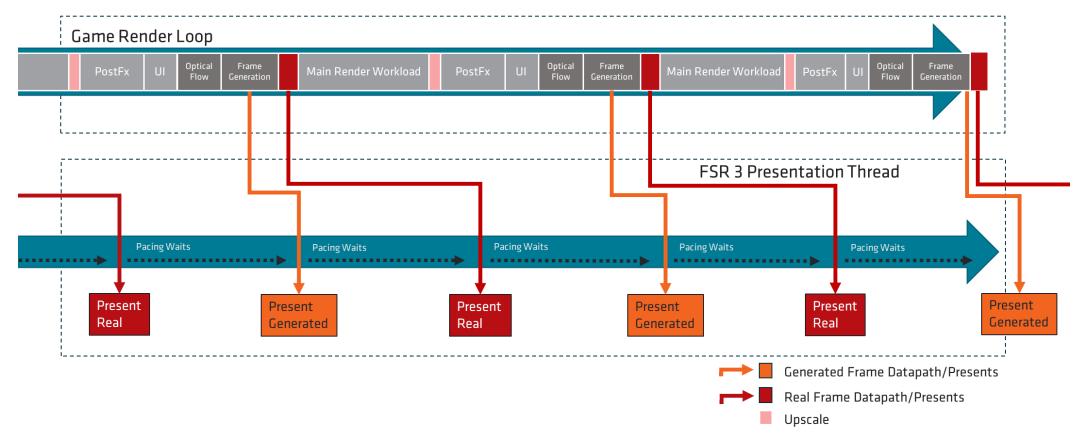








#### **FSR 3 - PRESENT QUEUE UPSCALING AND FRAME GENERATION PIPELINE**









- Analytically generates extra frames.
- Improves display rate.
- Makes the game feel more fluid.





- Custom swapchain implementation.
- Frame pacing is tricky.





- Custom swapchain implementation.
- Frame pacing is tricky.
- Opens up for platform agnostic frame gen. ③





- Inspired by AMDs swapchain implementation.
- Few tweaks to make it fit.





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- Few tweaks to make it fit.
  - Fences!





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- Few tweaks to make it fit.
  - Fences!
- Tested various sleeps for pacing.





- Inspired by AMDs swapchain implementation.
- Few tweaks to make it fit.
  - Fences!
- Tested various sleeps for pacing.
- V-sync makes it even harder.
  - Cannot miss vertical blank.
  - Separate cpu thread to handle timing calculations.





- Allow passthrough mode.
  - Avoids cost of recreating swapchain.





- Allow passthrough mode.
  - Avoids cost of recreating swapchain.
- Mode that does "regular" present.
- No interpolation scheduled.



#### **RECREATING SWAPCHAIN**

- Minimal overhead
- Requires CPU-GPU sync.
- Requires full reconstruction to switch command queue.





#### **RECREATING SWAPCHAIN**

- Minimal overhead
- Requires CPU-GPU sync.
- Requires full reconstruction to switch command queue.
- Can be problematic for third party software.
  - Abort recreation and revert.

DXGI ERROR: IDXGIFactory::CreateSwapChain: Only one flip model swap chain can be associate with an HWND, IWindow, or composition surface at a time. ClearState() and Flush() may need to be called on the D3D11 device context to trigger deferred destruction of old swapchains. [MISCELLANEOUS ERROR <u>#297</u>: ]







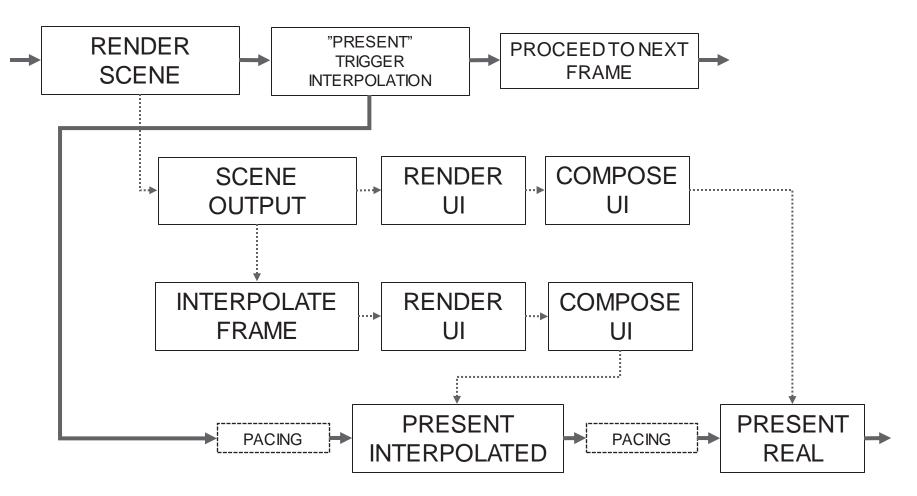


- Render at full-rate.
- Render at half-rate.



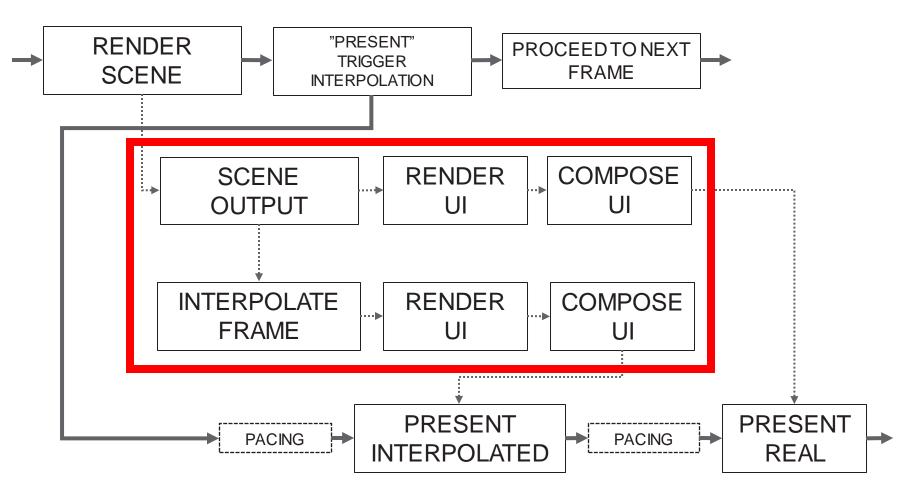


• Render at full-rate.



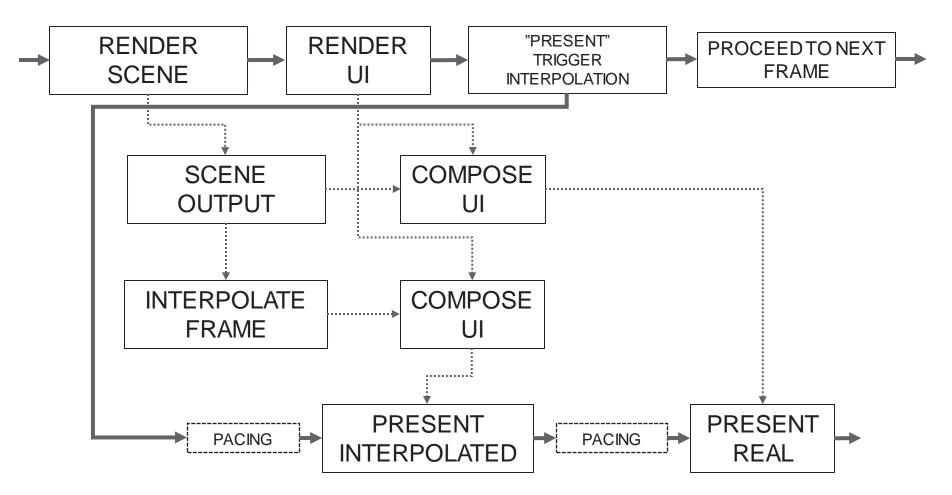


• Render at full-rate.



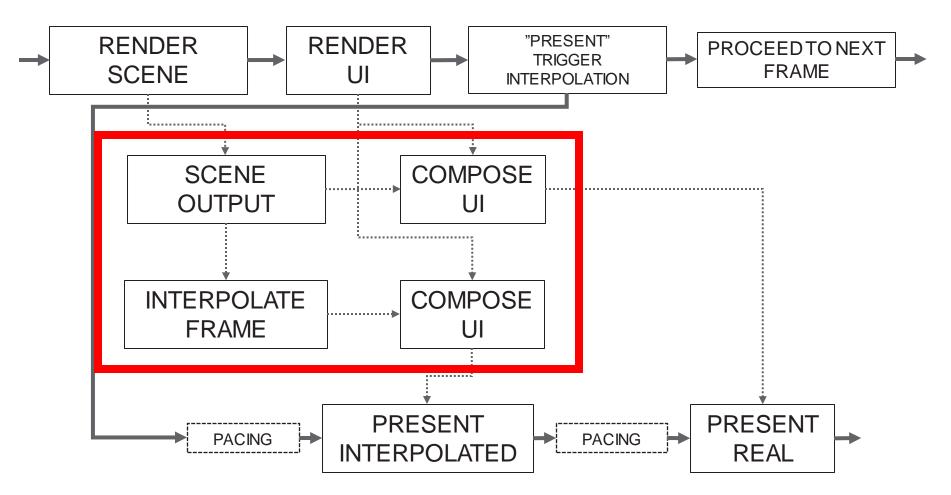


• Render at half-rate



MARCH 2024

• Render at half-rate





MARCH 2024

- Full-rate required change to pipeline.
- We chose half-rate compositing.





### **COMPOSITING UI**

- Full-rate required change to pipeline.
- We chose half-rate compositing.
  - Requires extra copy of UI texture.





### **COMPOSITING UI**

- Full-rate required change to pipeline.
- Render at half-rate.
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- Blurring the background is very problematic.





### **COMPOSITING UI**

- Full-rate required change to pipeline.
- Render at half-rate.
  - Requires extra copy of UI texture.
- Blurring the background is very problematic.
  - Disable it. 😳





## CONCLUSION

- Superior quality compared to our own TAA.
- High performance
- On all our major platforms.
  - Frame generation is PC-only, at the moment...





### **SPECIAL THANKS**

#### UBISOFT

- Gauthier Viau
- Oleksandr Koshlo
- Daniel Wesslén
- Dennis Persson
- Gregor Ehrenstein
- Aaron Koppensteiner
- Charlie Mrad

#### AMD

- Tobias Fast
- Lou Kramer
- Gareth Thomas
- Jonas Gustavsson
- Luke Valentine
- FSR Development Team

And of course, to everyone else l've bothered during the development, THANK YOU!







# AMD GPUOpen

### AMD FIDELITYFX™ SUPER RESOLUTION 3.1

COLIN RILEY - AMD

AMD together we advance\_

### **INTRODUCING AMD FSR 3.1**

- Upscaling improvements.
- Various fixes.
- Vulkan® and Xbox® Game Development Kit support.
- Upscale can now be separated from Frame Generation.
- AMD FidelityFX<sup>™</sup> API.
  - Locking down ABI.
  - Can unlock "upgradability" of FSR DLLs.

## AMDJ FidelityFX Super Resolution 3



### **UPSCALING IMPROVEMENTS**

- Internal changes to high/low frequency signals.
- Better preservation of detail.
- Reduction of temporal instability.



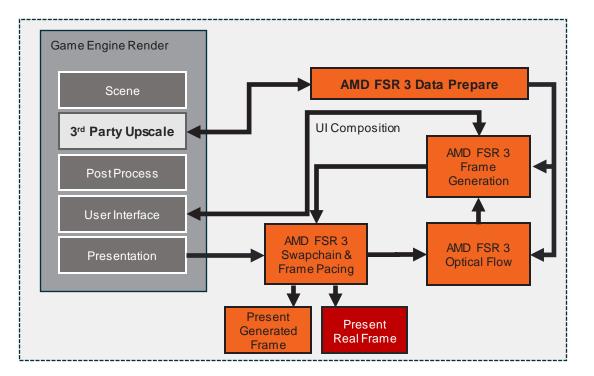


1080p Output Resolution, FSR Performance mode.



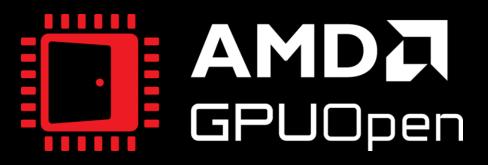
### SEPARATING UPSCALING FROM FRAME GENERATION

- AMD FSR 3.0 required FSR 3 upscaling to execute and generate information prior to FSR 3 Frame Generation.
  - This saved GPU resources, to allow for more FPS.
  - It did restrict upscale choices, however.
- Now FSR can run in a mode where Frame Generation runs with any 3<sup>rd</sup> party upscale component!
  - An additional step is required to precompute some data from the upscaler inputs.



#### New FSR Dataflow Option





Visit our website https://gpuopen.com

### AMD FSR 3.1 – AVAILABLE SOON!

• Follow GPUOpen to be notified when the new version is available for download!







### **MANY THANKS**

- Stefan Petersson
- Krzysztof Kaminski
- Stephan Hodes
- Mark Satterthwaite
- Tom Hansson
- Oskar Homburg
- Lou Kramer
- Nadav Geva
- Nick Thibieroz



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AMD FidelityFX Super Resolution (FSR) versions 1, 2, and 3 are available on select games which require game developer integration and are supported on select AMD products. AMD does not provide technical or warranty support for AMD FidelityFX Super Resolution enablement on other vendors' graphics cards. See https://www.amd.com/en/technologies/fidelityfx-super-resolution for additional information. GD-187A.

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### **THANK YOU!**

Questions?





# AMDL GPUOpen UBISOFT SNOW drop

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# AMD together we advance\_